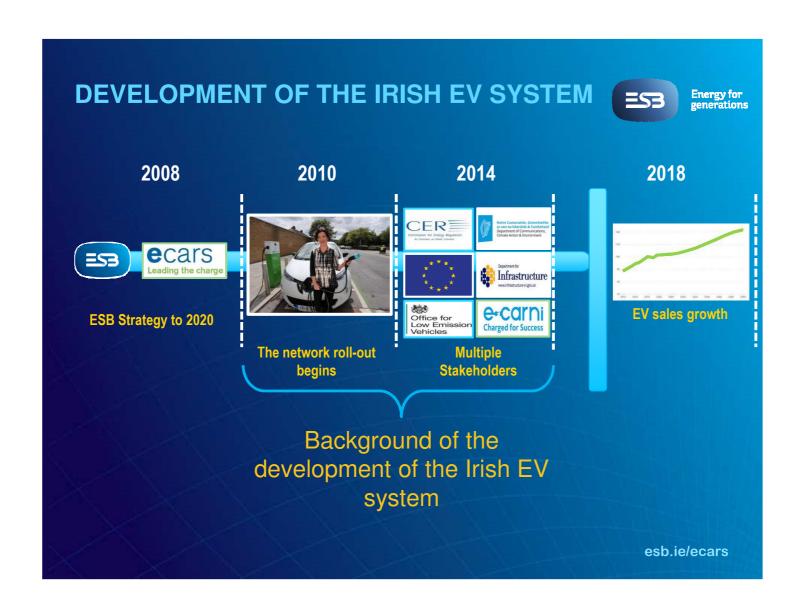




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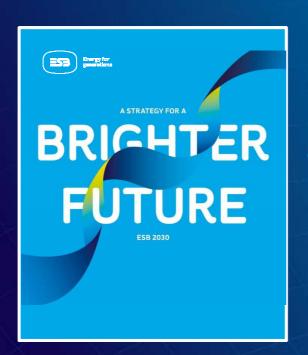


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ESB STRATEGY 2030





STRATEGIC INTENT

Produce, connect & deliver clean, secure and affordable energy

"EV Fast Charging Networks in Ireland and UK"

SUCCESS IN 2030



Develop energy services to meet emerging market needs "Lead electrification of transport"

"e-Transport services that are fully integrated with the rest of our energy business"



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ELECTRIC VEHICLE POLICY DRIVERS





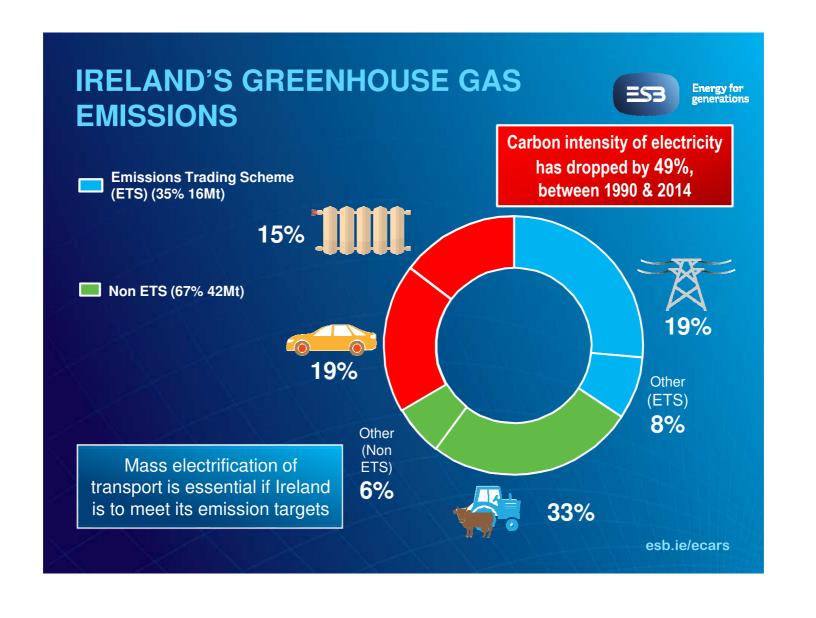
Commitment to 1.5°C (from 2°C)





- Programme for Government "Ambition to make Ireland "a leader in the take-up of electric vehicles"
- National Development Plan 2018 2027 "No non zero emission vehicles will be sold in Ireland after 2030".... "at least 500,000 EVs on Irish roads."
- Transition to a Low Carbon Energy Future 2015-2030 Commits to 80% Reduction in Energy Emissions by 2050







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EXISTING ALL ISLAND EV CHARGING NETWORK



esb.ie/ecars

Public EV charging infrastructure

- 50kW Fast Chargers x 92
- 22kW Standard Chargers >1,000
 - Rol and NI networks allow cross-island travel and provides public EV charging in most communities with >1,500 population



HOME CHARGING (IRELAND)



- 2,300 home chargers installed in the pilot scheme by ESB
- 3-7 kW AC (Typically)
- Current SEAI grant for home charger installation up to €600
- Majority of EV drivers recharge at home
- Many EV owners avail of cheaper night rate electricity (~€0.09 / kWh)



RECENT UPGRADES TO THE ECARS NETWORK



ESB is committed to maintaining and operating the current charge point network

Eight fast charge points replaced:

- Junction 14, Monasterevin, Co Kildare
- Ballaghaderreen, Co Roscommon
- Ballindine, Co Mayo
- Longford town
- Monaghan town
- Ennis, Co. Clare
- Galway city
- Cork city

Planned fast charger locations (early 2019)

Cavan, Carlow, Wexford

AC replacements

16 AC chargers replaced (high uptimes)



PROVIDING A FULL ELECTROMOBILITY SERVICE



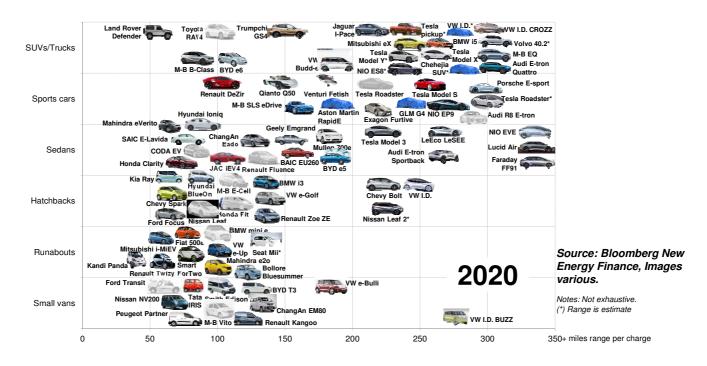


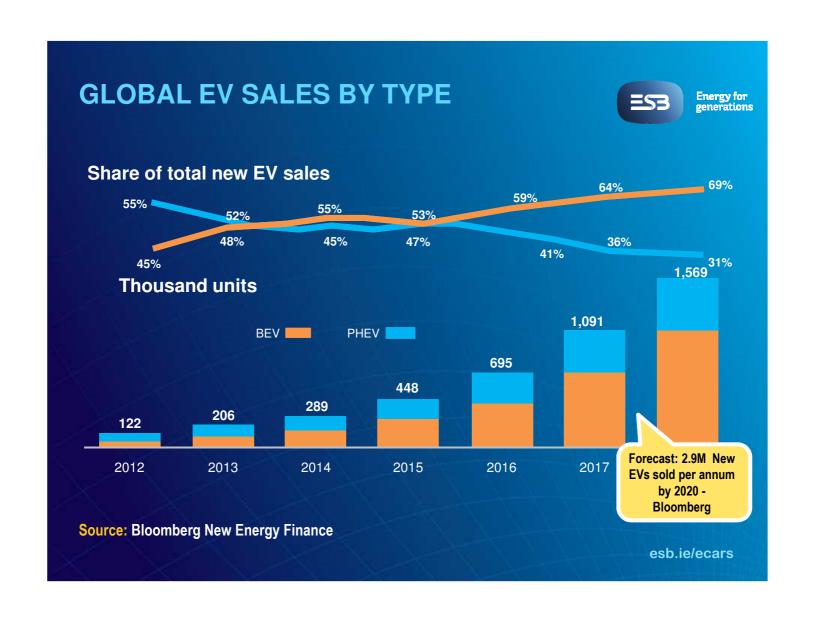


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BEV model availability, 2008-20







INITIAL EV INCENTIVES IN IRELAND



- Up to €5000 grant towards the purchase of a new EV
- Up to €5000 VRT relief on the purchase of a new EV
- Lowest road tax band EV €120
 & PHEV €170
- Accelerated capital allowance for companies who purchase an EV and/or charging equipment



LOW EMISSION VEHICLE TASK FORCE



Low Emission Vehicle Task Force (2018)
Chaired by three Government Depts.

Programme for Government set out that it wants Ireland to be "a leader in the take-up of electric vehicles" and set up "a dedicated taskforce to set ambitious and achievable targets"

Outputs recommended by the Task Force include:

- Home charge point grant up to €600
- Zero BIK for the value of a BEV up to €50,000
- Up to a 75% toll reduction for BEVs
- Taxi EV purchase grant up to €7,000
- SEAI EV promotion DrivingElectric.ie





An Roinn Iompair Turasóireachta agus Spóirt

Department of Transport, Tourism and Sport



An Roinn Tithíochta, Pleanála, Pobail agus Rialtais Áitiúil Department of Housing, Planning, Community and Local Government

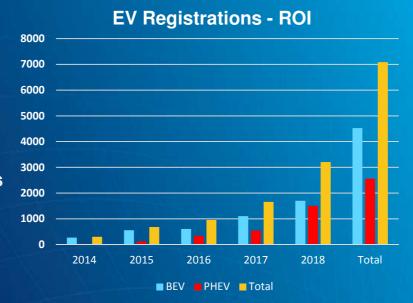




EV SALES GROWTH TREND IN IRELAND



- >7,000 EVs registered in Ireland in total (including imports)
 - **▶** 65% BEV
 - > 35% PHEV
- ~3,209 registrations this year
- ~1,866 increase in EV registrations compared to the same time last year
- We believe there will be over
 15,000 vehicles by the end of 2020
- Government target of 500k by 2030



Figures to the end of September 2018



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INFRASTRUCTURE - THE TREND IN TECH



- Faster Charging Higher Power
- 50kW >150kW >350kW chargers
- Quicker charging
- Greater range from each charge
- Multiple chargers at each location





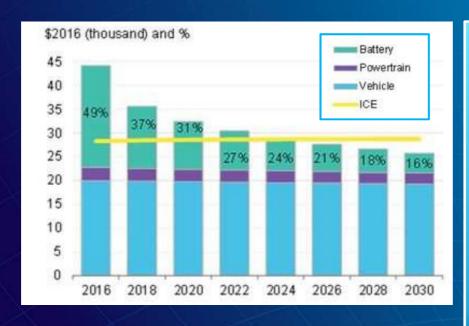




DECREASING BATTERY PRICE



US MEDIUM BEV PRICE BREAKDOWN, ICE PRICE & SHARE OF BATTERY COSTS



- Battery prices decreasing significantly
- This will see the manufacturing price of an electric vehicle drop
- The reduced battery prices should see EVs become cheaper than conventional vehicles after 2024

Source: Bloomberg NEF,EPA, ICCT, FEV, ONRL, IDL.

Note: Estimated pre-tax retail prices

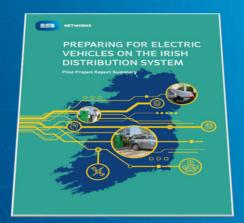


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FUTURE OF EV CHARGE POINTS PILOT NETWORK



- Agreement between ESB Networks and CRU on the future of the pilot charge point network (Sept 2018)
- Charge points will continue to be run by ESB ecars
- There will be no further regulatory funding for operation, maintenance and replacement of problematic charge points



FUTURE OF EV CHARGE POINTS PILOT NETWORK



- Agreement between ESB Networks and CRU on the future of the pilot charge point network (Sept 2018)
- Charge points will continue to be run by ESB ecars
- There will be no further regulatory funding for operation,
 maintenance and replacement of problematic charge points
- Fees for use of the EV charging infrastructure will need to be introduced in 2019 to fund the maintenance and development of the network
- Following relevant upgrades, fees for use of the fast chargers (50kW) will be introduced in H1 2019 and the AC network in H1 2020
- Comprehensive stakeholder engagement will take place prior to the introduction of these fees



AN ELECTROMOBILITY VISION



- No Range or Queuing Anxiety
- Seamless Fuelling
- Visibility & Control
- Reliability as a non-issue



- Cleaner Air
- Decarbonised Transport
- Fuel Imports
- Innovation & Jobs

Infrastructure as Enabler NOT a Barrier

BENEFITS OF A NATIONAL HIGH POWER CHARGING NETWORK



Energy for generations

Benefits

- Facilitate the large scale growth of EVs in Ireland
- Ensure a better experience for EV customers
- Provide multiple chargers at one location
- Reduce queuing at charge point locations
- Remove single points of failure on the network
- Ensure that the latest fast charging cars are accommodated in Ireland

CONCLUSIONS



- ESB's is committed to the electrification of transport in Ireland
- Decarbonisation of the car fleet is inevitable
- The growth of electric vehicles continues in Ireland but it will be some years before we have numbers of significant scale
- There is no business case at present to provide a national charge point network without financial support i.e. the introduction of fees
- ESB will continue to support the maintenance and repair of the existing infrastructure



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END